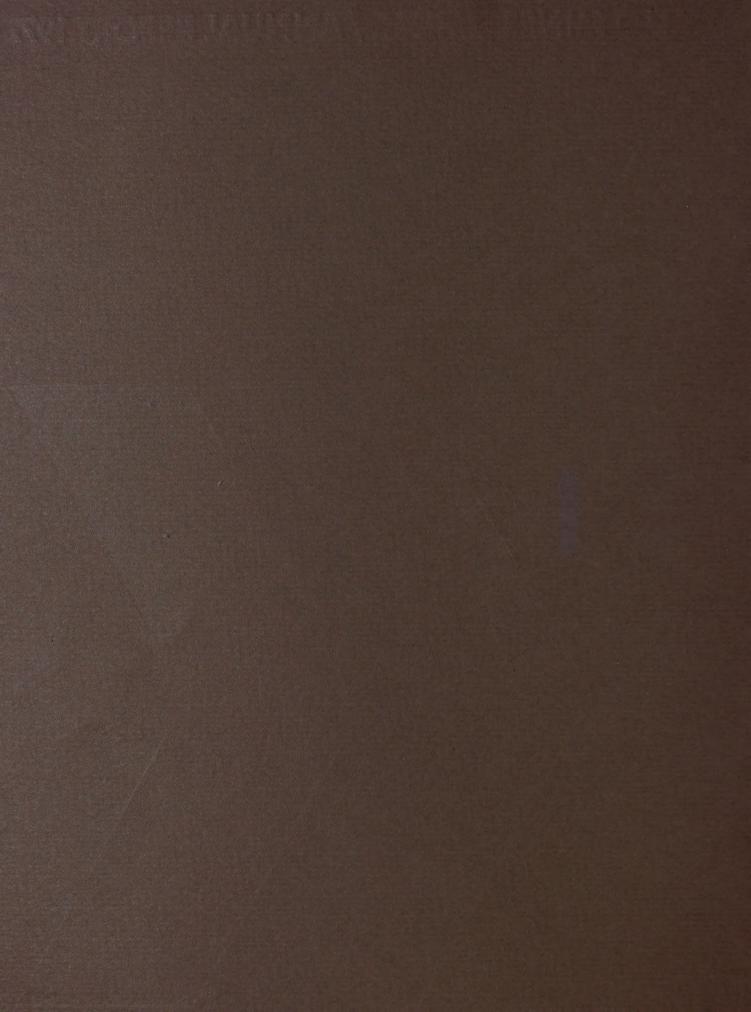
CAMPLO MINES LIMITED / ANNUAL REPORT 1977

AR51





CAMFLO MINES LIMITED

Camflo discovered, developed and operates a highly efficient gold mine in the Malartic area of Northwestern Quebec.

Natural gas production is a rapidly growing source of income as a result of Camflo's participation in exploration programmes in Canada and the United States.

Principal mineral exploration programmes involve uranium, gold and industrial minerals in Canada and silver, lead, zinc in Spain.

Through subsidiary and associated companies together with investments in other resource companies, Camflo participates in coal mining in Ohio, oil and gas projects in Canada and the United States and the discovery and development of geothermal sources of power in the United States.

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

William G. Brissenden, Toronto, Ontario *Mining Engineer*

Stanley J. Chad, Calgary, Alberta
Petroleum Engineer, President, Signalta Resources Limited

Robert E. Fasken, Mississauga, Ontario Mining Executive, Chairman, United Siscoe Mines Limited

Brian K. Meikle, Mississauga, Ontario Geologist, General Manager Operations, Camflo Mines Limited

George T. Smith, Toronto, Ontario

Barrister and Solicitor, President, Camflo Mines Limited

Robert M. Smith, Oakville, Ontario Mining Engineer, President, United Siscoe Mines Limited

Arthur W. Stollery, Unionville, Ontario
Mining Executive, Chairman, Camflo Mines Limited

OFFICERS

Arthur W. Stollery — Chairman

George T. Smith — President

Robert E. Fasken - Vice President

Robert M. Smith — Vice President Operations

Brian K. Meikle - General Manager Operations

Meredith E. Holt — Manager of Exploration

Kenneth E. Elrick - Treasurer

David Doig - Secretary

Robert D. Sherman - Assistant Treasurer

R. Geoffrey Newbury - Counsel

MINE STAFF

Mine Manager — Armand Mailloux

Assistant Mine Manager - Alex Makila

Chief Engineer - Gordon Fleming

Electrical Superintendent — Donald Lalonde

Mill Superintendent - Roger Jolicoeur

Production Engineer — Michel Sirois

Mine Accountant - Franc Vodopivec

Mine Captain - Michel Rioux

CONSULTANT

S. Cameron Brown, Havelock, Ontario

EXECUTIVE AND HEAD OFFICE

Suite 3001, South Tower, P.O. Box 45 Royal Bank Plaza Toronto, Canada M5J 2J1

MINE OFFICE

P.O. Box 640, Malartic, Quebec, J0Y 1Z0

TRANSFER AGENT AND REGISTRAR

The Royal Trust Company Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal

AUDITORS

Thorne Riddell & Co. Chartered Accountants, Toronto, Canada

BANKERS

The Royal Bank of Canada Toronto, Canada

SHARE LISTING

The Toronto Stock Exchange Montreal Stock Exchange

ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

May 29, 1978, 11:00 a.m. Manitoba Room, Royal York Hotel, Toronto, Canada

Comparative Review of 1977 Highlights

Operating	1977	1976
Tons of Ore Milled	471,798	463,721
Ounces of Gold Recovered	87,433	90,458
Average Gold Price Received Per Ounce		\$ 121.67
Mining Operating Cost Per Ounce		\$ 61.01
Ore Reserves at Year End (Tons)	2,117,650	2,400,550
Recoverable Grade: Ozs./Ton	0.174	0.177
Proven Petroleum & Natural Gas Reserves:		
Gas — billion cubic feet	34	22
Oil & Condensate — barrels	77,011	89,664
Natural gas sales — million cubic feet	1,565	760
daily average	4	2
Oil & condensate sales — barrels	12,653	9,000
— daily average	35	25
Financial		
Gross Value of Bullion Production	\$14,207,549	\$11,005,763
Revenue from Petroleum & Natural Gas Operations	\$ 1,789,039	\$ 683,328
Net Income	\$ 3,709,992	\$ 2,045,323
Per Share	\$ 1.08	\$ 0.60
Cash Flow from Operations	\$ 5,780,125	\$ 3,639,891
Per Share	\$ 1.67	\$ 1.06
Dividends Paid	\$ 1,373,243	\$ 1,375,643
Per Share	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.40
Working Capital — December 31	\$ 306,101	\$ 1,419,616
Long Term Debt — December 31	\$ 2,500,000	\$ -
Shareholders' Equity — December 31	\$16,891,773	\$13,511,024
Shares Outstanding — December 31	3,526,107	3,439,107
Shares Outstanding — December 31	3,450,920	3,439,107
(Weighted Average)	0,100,020	0, 100, 107
Number of Registered Shareholders — December 31	2,923	2,965

Directors' Report to the Shareholders

Substantially higher prices for gold bullion coupled with close control of mining costs and increased productivity, sharply increased revenue from oil and natural gas operations in Canada and the United States, particularly in the last quarter, were the principal factors in the 81% rise in 1977 earnings. A negative influence on profits arose from the company's share of losses from coal operations in the United States incurred by 49.6% owned La Luz Mines Limited, a situation aggravated by the recent national coal strike.

Net profit for the year at \$3,709,992 was equal to \$1.08 a share, an increase from \$2,045,323 or 60¢ a share reported in 1976. This profit is after absorption of the company's share of losses of La Luz Mines Limited of \$330,948, the equivalent of 9¢ a share, compared with \$306,739 or 9¢ a share in 1976.

Cash flow from operations was a record \$5,780,125, the equivalent of \$1.67 a share, a

59% increase from \$3,639,891 or \$1.06 a share in the previous year. Gross revenue in 1977 was \$15,996,588 compared with \$11,689,091.

Gold production was valued at \$14,207,549, also a record, compared with \$11,005,763 in 1976, an average of \$162.50 per ounce compared with \$121.67 in the previous year.

Mine operating cost per ounce of gold recovered was \$67.49 compared with \$61.01 in 1976. This is the second lowest cost per ounce of any gold mine in Canada.

Gross revenue from oil and gas sales, after royalties, was \$1,789,039 compared with \$683,328 reported for 1976. Oil and gas accounted for about 11% of gross revenue, a rise from just under 6% last year.

During 1977 Camflo paid dividends of 40¢ per share — the 11th consecutive year of semi-annual dividend payments to shareholders.

In 1973 the company embarked on a series of major undertakings to develop substantial energy-related assets.

Up to December 31, 1977, the company had invested approximately \$6.5 million on oil and gas exploration and development. Natural gas operations now involve participation by Camflo in 234 wells in Canada and the United States. In association with other active oil and gas companies the company is directly involved in exploration and development projects in Alberta, British Columbia, East Texas and Montana. Already, proven petroleum and natural gas reserves represent an important long-term asset estimated by independent consultants to be approximately 34 billion cubic feet at December 31, 1977.

Since 1973 Camflo has spent some \$1.8 million on mineral exploration, the largest project to date being the on-going Kasmere Lake uranium exploration programme in northwestern Manitoba. In 1977 the company acquired a net 21¼% interest in the Iberian Syndicate which is exploring for silver-lead-zinc deposits in Spain. Also during 1977 the company entered into an industrial mineral exploration programme in Canada in partnership with Allied Chemical Canada Ltd.

At December 31, 1977 the company had invested some \$9½ million in the shares of other resource companies with a then quoted market value of approximately \$12 million. Included in this total investment is the company's 49.6% equity interest in La Luz Mines Limited which, in turn, has a half interest in 3 coal mines in Ohio with reserves of more than 30,000,000 tons of coal with an anticipated life of 25 years.

These exploration programmes and investments are summarized elsewhere in the Annual Report.

As in the past, the immediate outlook is heavily influenced by world gold markets. The rising trend in bullion prices which contributed to a sharp increase in 1977 fourth quarter earnings has continued into the first quarter of 1978. In an environment of unstable international money markets, the outlook for bullion for the balance of the year appears favourable.

Natural gas production will again increase in 1978 as recently discovered reserves are brought into production. Exploration by the Company for petroleum and natural gas in Canada and the United States continues at a record pace.

The recent settlement of the United States coal strike will permit the expanded La Luz coal operation to enhance the total earnings flow.

Accelerated exploration programmes are underway for uranium, silver, lead, zinc, gold and industrial minerals.

The future of the Company depends on the abilities and efforts of the people associated with Camflo. On behalf of the Shareholders, we express our appreciation for their continuing efforts.

On behalf of the Board of Directors.

A. W. Stollery, Chairman.

G. T. Smith, President.

May 1, 1978.

Review of Operations

GOLD MINING

Activities in the gold mine in the Malartic area are outlined in detail in the following report.

Production

In 1977 the mill treated 471,798 tons of ore, an average of 1,293 tons per day. The recovered grade was 0.185 ounces of gold per ton and 87,433 ounces of gold were produced worth \$14,207,549. The mill recovery was 95.6% as compared to 95.7% in 1976.

	1977	1976	1975
Tons of ore milled	471,798	463,721	456,123
Average recovered grade oz/ton	0.185	0.195	0.194
Ounces produced	87,433	90,458	88,568

Mine Operating Costs

Mine operating costs increased 5% to \$12.51 per ton. Productivity increased from 11.4 to 12.0 tons per man shift as more tons were produced by the same size labour force.

	1977		19	1976	
	Total Cost	Cost per Ton Milled	Total Cost	Cost Per Ton Milled	
Development	\$ 203,365	\$ 0.431	\$ 261,387	\$ 0.564	
Mining	3,117,078	6.607	2,932,135	6.323	
Milling	1,388,835	2.944	1,278,254	2.756	
General	1,101,952	2.336	954,053	2.057	
Marketing	89,805	0.190	92,684	0.200	
TOTAL	\$5,901,035	\$12.508	\$5,518,513	\$11.900	

Summary of Ore Extraction by Levels

Level	Tonnage	Ounces/Ton
1100-1300	50,818	0.156
1300-1500	51,170	0.127
1500-1650	17,698	0.137
1650-1800	7,367	0.139
1800-1950	146,825	0.220
1950-2100	32,676	0.213
2100-2250	97,580	0.186
2250-2400	54,699	0.186

Mine Development

Drifting on the 2550 opened up one lense of diorite ore, and on the 2700, drifting disclosed a strong new lense of diorite ore adjacent to the Willroy property. The drift was continued onto their ground but a limited drilling programme failed to disclose any more ore. Other drilling on the 2700 outlined some low grade prophyry ore and some ore in sediments along one of the major faults.

The main north cross-cut on the 2850 was driven and initial exploration outlined some minor ore lenses in a fault zone. Additional development will be done in 1978.

Five holes from the main north cross-cut on the 3150 level gave negative results.

It is now becoming apparent that large new ore reserves are unlikely to be found on the deeper levels of the mine. There are still good exploration targets to investigate however, and the chances of finding additional ore reserves are favourable.

During the year ventilation and escape raises were completed to the 2850 level and a considerable amount of development raising was done in the diorite stopes.

	1977	1976	1975
Feet of Drifting and Cross-cutting	4,365	6,127	4,143
Feet of Raising	4,950	6,067	3,206
Feet of Diamond Drilling	9,332	12,842	12,318
Stope Preparation — Feet	6,102	5,535	5,888
— Tons	31,424	29,523	21,139

Ore Reserves

Total proven and indicated ore reserves at December 31, 1977 were 2,117,650 tons of 0.174 ounces of gold per ton. This is a decrease of 282,900 tons after the milling of 471,798 tons. Grades reported are for the estimated recoverable gold, and details of the reserves are as follows:

	Tons at	Tons at	Tons at
	Year End	Year End	Year End
	1977	1976	1975
Broken Ore Underground	242,900	326,337 3,363	212,562 3,717
Total Broken Ore Total Broken and Drilled Off	243,200	329,700	216,279
	525,134	559,250	555,551
Broken and Proven — Tons	1,516,400	1,742,000	2,008,100
	0.186	0.186	0.194
Indicated — Tons	601,250	658,850	717,350
	0.142	0.152	0.147
Total Proven and Indicated — Tons — Oz/Ton	2,117,650	2,400,550	2,725,450
	0.174	0.177	0.182

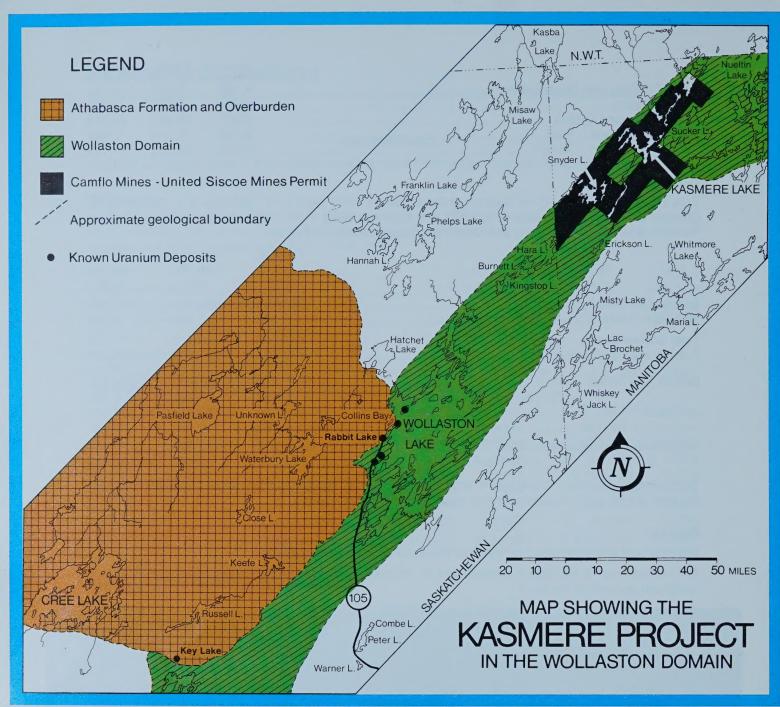
The tonnages reported include a 10% allowance for dilution. At a production rate of 1,260 tons per day, the total proven and indicated tonnage represents a 4.6 year reserve.

General

Development and exploration on the new levels will be continued in 1978.

The performance of the regular complement of 155 employees continues to be a major factor in the continued success of the mine.







MAP SHOWING THE SIERRA MORENA SILVER · LEAD · ZINC BELT SPAIN

MINERAL EXPLORATION

The Kasmere Lake Uranium Exploration Project

Since 1976 Camflo has been engaged in a uranium exploration programme in northwestern Manitoba.

The programme has moved through the phases of ground acquisition, establishment of base camp and auxiliary camps, airborne surveys, geochemical surveys, regional mapping and prospecting to target identification and preparation for diamond drilling. Preliminary diamond drilling done in 1977 has intersected uranium mineralization in several areas and in different geological environments.

Compilation of the initial work followed by detailed surveys this winter defined several new targets which will be drilled in 1978. Further surveys will outline other areas for diamond drilling, and general reconnaissance will be continued in the northern part of the property.

Due to budgetary constraints imposed by the new Government of Manitoba, the Province has withdrawn from active financial participation in exploration in this project. The Company is proceeding with its planned programmes for the 1978 and 1979 seasons.

The Iberian Exploration Syndicate

Camflo has a 21¼% net interest in this syndicate which was formed to explore and develop silver, lead and zinc deposits along the Sierra Morena belt located in southern Spain. The belt has an interesting history. Production started in pre-Roman days and reached a peak during the Roman occupation of Spain when more than 20 deposits were mined for silver and lead. Production virtually ceased until the latter part of the eighteenth century when Spanish, French and English companies worked the mines. Low silver prices and lack of technology caused most of the mines to shut down about 1920. A few operations continued until the Spanish Civil War in 1936.

The objective of the Syndicate is to explore for lateral extensions, repetitions, new veins or zones and possible depth extensions under the old workings. This will be the first full scale modern exploration programme carried out in the area.

The Iberian Exploration Syndicate has acquired the mineral rights covering an aggregate strike length of about seventy miles and an average width of approximately seven miles. This represents a total area of some three hundred thousand acres.

The work programme currently underway involves geological studies of the ancient mining areas, and geochemcial and geophysical surveys. Initial results have justified a diamond drilling programme which will commence in May of this year.

Other Projects

In association with Allied Chemical Canada, Ltd., the Company is in the first phase of an evaluation of industrial mineral deposits and is concentrating its efforts in western Canada.

The Company continues to maintain its interest in the Beersville coal project in New Brunswick and in base metal claims in the Gaspe area. Exploration programmes are underway on gold and uranium prospects in Ontario.

PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS

Camflo has now participated in drilling 339 wells in Canada and the United States of which 234 were successful, an average of 69%. In 1977 a total of 83 wells were drilled of which 56 were completed, for a success ratio of 68%.

Exploration

Canada

Camflo's main exploration thrust in Canada is carried out in Alberta and British Columbia in association with Signalta Resources Limited of Calgary. During the year the Company participated as to a 25% interest in drilling 52 wells of which 35 were cased as potential producers. This programme has been successful in finding natural gas much of which is being brought on stream. This is significant at this time when a gas surplus exists in Alberta. During 1978 an expanded exploration programme will be undertaken with Signalta in western Canada.

In 1977 Camflo acquired an 11% interest in a 10 well drilling programme in Alberta operated by Renaissance Resources Limited of Calgary. Six wells were cased as potential producers. In 1978 about 20 wells will be drilled by Renaissance in Alberta and British Columbia, with Camflo having a 14.6% interest in this programme.

At December 31, 1977 Camflo had varying interests in approximately 450,000 gross acres in Alberta and British Columbia.

United States

The Company carries out exploration in east Texas and Montana through its wholly-owned subsidiary, C.M.L. Inc., which has a 15% working interest in programmes operated by Orbit Oil & Gas, Inc. of Tyler, Texas.

No exploration drilling took place during the year in east Texas largely due to a shortage of drilling rigs.

Depending on rig availability 6 deep wells to the Smackover formation are scheduled for 1978 together with 3 shallow Woodbine wells. The Orbit Joint Venture now has interests in about 15,000 gross acres in east Texas.

The Orbit/Montana Joint Venture has been expanded to include North Dakato and Saskatchewan, and has interests in about 11,000 gross acres in the area. The region has taken on added interest following a recent deep discovery well by others in North Dakota. The principal target of this programme is oil. Work is expected to start on 2 Radcliffe formation wells in Montana during May 1978.



Drilling rig at A. H. Ganze # 1 well, Round Prairie, East Texas.



Roughnecks connecting pipe during drilling operations at A. H. Ganze #1 well.

Production and Development

Camflo's Share of Production before Provincial Royalties or State taxes

	19	<u>1977</u>		<u>1976</u>		
Natural Gas	Million Cubic Feet Per Year	Million Cubic Feet Per Day	Million Cubic Feet Per Year	Million Cubic Feet Per day		
Canada	1,444	3.95	706	1.93		
United States	121	33	54	.15		
	1,565	4.00	760	2.00		
Oil and Condensate	Barrels Per Year	Barrels Per Day	Barrels Per Year	Barrels Per Day		
United States	12,653	35.00	9,000	25.00		

Canada

In Canada Camflo's total natural gas production doubled during 1977 and during December averaged 5.6 million cubic feet per day.

In the Camflo/Voyager Joint Venture in east-central Alberta, plant capacity was increased at the beginning of the year. Voyager, the operator, also received an upward redetermination of recoverable reserves under the provisions of their gas purchase contract which allowed increased daily contract volumes effective November 1, 1977. Gathering lines were installed to connect gas wells previously drilled. During the year the Company participated in drilling 20 wells of which 15 were cased.

The Camflo/Signalta Joint Venture in Alberta and British Columbia brought 6 additional wells into production during 1977. Production from this operation will increase in 1978 as additional wells are brought on stream.

United States

Initial production in the east Texas programme started when the C. E. Turner #1 well came on stream in September 1977, and is now averaging 4 million cubic feet per day. An off-setting well is presently being drilled by the Joint Venture and 2 off-setting wells are being drilled by third parties under farmout agreements.

Production from the C. H. Mayes #1 sour gas well at Mitchell Creek is scheduled to commence in July 1978 at 10 million cubic feet per day following installation of surface facilities and a 25 mile pipe line.

In early 1978 the Joint Venture purchased two additional shut-in sour gas wells at Round Prairie in east Texas, and a third well is now being drilled (See illustration).

Camflo's Share of Reserves

(Before Provincial Royalties or State Taxes)	Natu (Billions of C	ral Gas Cubic Feet) Probable	Total Proven and Probable	Oil & Condensate (Barrels) Proven
Canada (Alberta & British Columbia) Camflo/Voyager (1) Camflo/Signalta (1) Camflo/Renaissance (3)	2.918	1.744 .092 	30.869 3.010 .400	<u>-</u>
Total Canadian Reserves	32.443	1.836	34.279	
United States CML/Daleco (Ohio) (3) CML/Orbit (E. Texas) (2)			.054	42,368 34,643
Total United States Reserves	1,897		1,897	77,011
Total Canadian & United States Reserves	34.340	1.836	36.176	77,011

- 1. As estimated by DeGolyer & MacNaughton Dallas.
- 2. As estimated by Netherland, Sewell & Associates Inc. Dallas.
- 3. Company estimate.

Stoped and broken ore 1976 Stoped and broken ore 1977 Development work 1977 Stoped out Diorite ore Porphyry No. 1 Loading Pock



INVESTMENTS

La Luz Mines Limited

Camflo has a 49.6% interest in La Luz Mines which company has a 50% Joint Venture participation in three coal mines in Ohio. The mines now have a combined production capacity of 1.2 million tons annually from reserves sufficient for 25 years. The Joint Venture supplies Ohio utilities with thermal coal.

The United Mineworkers' nation-wide strike which started late in 1977 after a period of disruptions by wildcat strikes, lasted almost four months. This occurred as the La Luz Joint Venture contended with start-up problems making this a difficult period, with resulting losses.

The settlement of the national strike promises a period of accelerated production in the near future which should lead to a positive cash flow for the Joint Venture during 1978.

In return for guaranteeing certain bank borrowings by the Joint Venture, Camflo receives a royalty of 10¢ a ton on coal mined during a ten year period.

Besides its coal interests La Luz also receives income from natural gas participations in Alberta and from royalties on tungsten produced from its California mine.

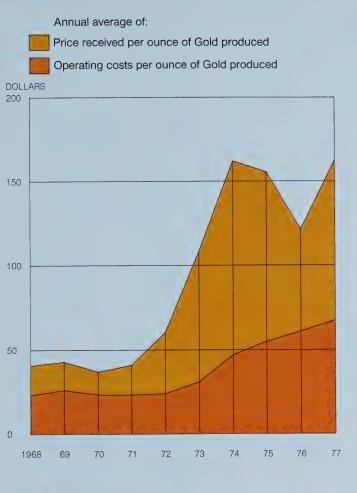
Other Investments - Oil and Gas, Geothermal Power, Exploration and Gold

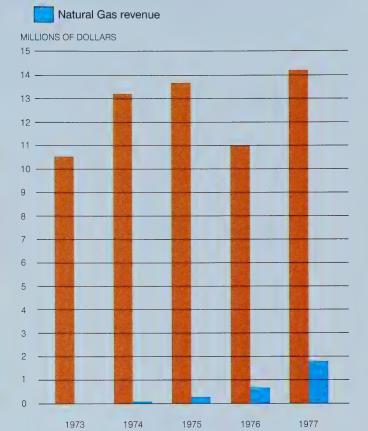
The Company has a 10% equity interest in **Merland Explorations Limited**, a fast growing Canadian oil and gas exploration company with interests in Canada and the United States.

An investment of approximately 8% is held in **United Siscoe Mines Limited** which in turn holds 18.5% of Camflo. United Siscoe is concentrating, through its subsidiary, Geothermal Kinetics, Inc., on developing geothermal steam sources in the western United States for use in generating electricity. Two such natural steam discoveries are to be developed, and exploration is underway seeking additional sources. United Siscoe is a partner with Camflo in the Kasmere Lake exploration programme, the Iberian Exploration Syndicate, and the Allied Chemical industrial minerals project.

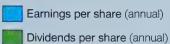
The Company has held a minor investment in **Martin-McNeely Mines, Limited** and provided certain management services to that Company for some time. Martin-McNeely is engaged in oil and gas production and exploration in western Canada and has a 35% share interest in Wilmar Mines Limited, a former gold producer in the Red Lake area of Ontario. In connection with a share consolidation and subsequent rights offering by Martin-McNeely, the Company has agreed to purchase sufficient shares of that Company to guarantee it minimum proceeds of \$525,000 under the rights offering. For this commitment the Company has been granted an option to purchase additional shares to increase its shareholding to 25% of the outstanding shares of Martin-McNeely which will be renamed **Neomar Resources Limited**.

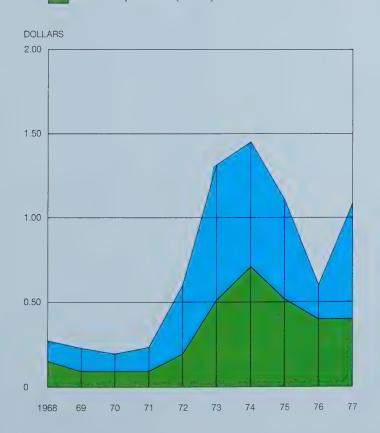
Other shareholdings include a 16% interest in **Lynx-Canada Explorations Limited**, a Canadian mineral exploration company and a 6% interest in **Silverstack Mines Limited** which is developing a Quebec gold property.



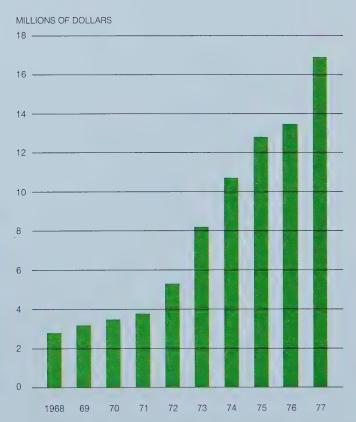


Gross value of bullion production





Shareholders Equity



Consolidated Balance Sheet

as at December 31, 1977

Assets	1977	1976
CURRENT ASSETS		
Bullion (note 2)	\$ 2,796,364	\$ 1,694,952
Accounts and notes receivable	453,388	207,188
Taxes recoverable		55,232
Ore Stockpile, at net realizable value	11,400	79,000
Mine operating supplies, at cost	820,965	765,828
Prepaid expenses and deposits	60,509	74,070
	4,142,626	2,876,270
INVESTMENTS (note 3)		
Effectively controlled resource company	4,769,645	3,346,369
Other companies, at cost	5,766,076	2,158,026
	10,535,721	5,504,395
FIXED ASSETS, at cost		
Buildings and equipment	6,575,781	5,688,772
Less accumulated depreciation	3,804,439	3,279,236
	2,771,342	2,409,536
Mining property	5,000	5,000
	2,776,342	2,414,536
OTHER ASSETS AND DEFERRED EXPENDITURES		
Exploration advances	692,178	329,577
Mortgages receivable from employees	163,659	169,051
Preproduction expenditures, less amortization	58,588	75,328
Deferred mine exploration and development expenditures, less		
amortization	549,173	636,396
Deferred exploration expenditures (note 4)	987,750	580,190
Petroleum and natural gas properties, less depletion (note 5)	5,817,533	4,208,128
	8,268,881	5,998,670
	\$25,723,570	\$16,793,871

CAMFLO MINES LIMITED

and its wholly owned subsidiary

Incorporated under the laws of Ontario

Liabilities	1977	1976
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Bank loan and advances (note 6)	\$ 2,229,595	\$ 836,630
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	904,410	620,024
Taxes payable	702,520	
	3,836,525	1,456,654
PROVISION FOR TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT	120,272	103,193
BANK LOAN (note 6)	2,500,000	
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	2,375,000	1,723,000
Shareholders' Equity CAPITAL STOCK (note 7) Authorized — 5,000,000 shares, par value \$1 each Issued — 3,526,107 shares (1976, 3,439,107 shares) Discount thereon (net)	3,526,107 761,880	3,439,107
DETAINED EADAINIOS	2,764,227	1,720,227
RETAINED EARNINGS	14,127,546	11,790,797
	16,891,773	13,511,024

\$25,723,570

\$16,793,871

Commitments (note 8)
Contingent liabilities (note 9)

Approved by the Board

A. W. Stollery, Director

G. T. Smith, Director

Consolidated Statement of Income

Year Ended December 31, 1977

	1977	1976
Bullion production Petroleum and natural gas production	\$14,207,549 1,789,039	\$11,005,763 683,328
	15,996,588	11,689,091
Operating and administrative expenses other than items set out below	7,165,487 1,100,000 224,943 213,359	6,307,972 600,000 51,020 166,103
	8,703,789	7,125,095
	7,292,799	4,563,996
Depreciation	608,086 16,740 156,907 246,750	542,373 15,065 127,279 136,640
	1,028,483	821,357
	6,264,316	3,742,639
Share of loss of effectively controlled resource company, net of related royalty and interest income (note 3(a))	(330,948) 66,624	(306,739) 65,423
Income before income taxes	5,999,992	3,501,323
Income taxes Current Deferred	1,638,000 652,000	1,083,000
NET INCOME	2,290,000	1,456,000
NET INCOME	\$ 3,709,992	\$ 2,045,323
EARNINGS PER SHARE	\$1.08	\$.60

Consolidated Statement of Retained Earnings

Year Ended December 31, 1977

	1977	1976
BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$11,790,797 3,709,992	\$11,121,117 2,045,232
Dividends paid	15,500,789 1,373,243	13,166,440 1,375,643
BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$14,127,546	\$11,790,797

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Financial Position

Year Ended December 31, 1977

	1977	1976
WORKING CAPITAL DERIVED FROM		
Operations	\$ 5,780,125	\$ 3,639,891
Proceeds from sale of investments in other companies	28,791	89,237
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	5,775	
Bank loan	2,500,000	
Proceeds from issue of capital stock	1,044,000	38,500
Receipts on mortgages receivable from employees	5,392	3,449
	9,364,083	3,771,077
WORKING CAPITAL APPLIED TO		
Additions to fixed assets	1,023,579	141,549
Investment in and loan to effectively controlled resource company	1,734,424	
Petroleum and natural gas properties	1,856,155	1,627,538
Increase in exploration advances	362,601	329,577
Increase in deferred exploration expenditures	407,560	101,333
Dividends paid	1,373,243	1,375,643
Purchase of shares of other companies	3,650,352	1,361,194
Mortgages receivable from employees		91,500
Deferred mine exploration and development expenditures	69,684	116,971
Reclassification of deferred income taxes to current		48,000
	10,477,598	5,193,305
DECREASE IN WORKING CAPITAL POSITION	1,113,515	1,422,228
NORKING CAPITAL AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,419,616	2,841,844
NORKING CAPITAL AT END OF YEAR	\$ 306,101	\$ 1,419,616

Auditors' Report

To the Shareholders of Camflo Mines Limited

We have examined the consolidated balance sheet of Camflo Mines Limited as at December 31, 1977 and the consolidated statements of income retained earnings and changes in financial position for the year then ended. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and accordingly included such tests and other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, these consolidated financial statements present fairly the financial position of the company as at December 31, 1977 and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

Toronto, Canada February 28, 1978 Thorne Riddell & Co., Chartered Accountants

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 1977

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of consolidation

These financial statements include the accounts of the company and its wholly owned subsidiary C.M.L. Inc., a company incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware, U.S.A., for the purpose of carrying out resource exploration in that country.

The company follows the equity method of accounting, including in earnings its share of the earnings and losses of La Luz Mines Limited of which it owns 49.6% of the issued shares.

Investments in incorporated and unincorporated joint ventures are accounted for on a proportionate consolidation basis; the company reflects its pro rata share of the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of each of its joint ventures.

(b) Bullion

Bullion is reflected in the accounts at its actual net settlement value and/or at its estimated net realizable value less amounts received in advance pending final bullion settlement.

(c) Depreciation, depletion and amortization

The company provides for depreciation on its mine assets and amortization on preproduction and deferred mine exploration and development expenditures on a straight-line basis over the estimated remaining life of the mine, as determined by proven ore reserves established from time to time. Other assets are being depreciated on a straight-line basis at a rate of 20% per annum.

Expenditures on mineral exploration programmes are deferred on a specific project basis until the viability of the project is determined. If a project is abandoned, the accumulated project costs are charged to income. If a project is developed, the related accumulated costs are amortized against future income from that project.

The company follows the full cost method of accounting whereby all costs related to the exploration for and development of petroleum and natural gas reserves are capitalized. Such costs include acquisition costs, geological and geophysical expense, carrying charges on non-producing property, costs of drilling both productive and unproductive wells and related production equipment.

Proceeds received on disposal of properties are credited against such costs. Depreciation and depletion are provided on the net costs using the composite unit of production method based on total estimated proven reserves.

- (d) Translation of U.S. currency has been made as follows:
 - (i) Current assets and liabilities, at exchange rates prevailing at the year end.
 - (ii) All other assets and liabilities at the date the assets were acquired or the liabilities incurred.
 - (iii) Income and expenses at the average rate for the year except for depreciation and amortization which is based on the cost of fixed assets as translated.

2. Bullion

That portion of the bullion for which actual settlements have not been made is valued at estimated net realizable value, using a value for gold of \$190 per ounce (1976, \$130 per ounce).

3. Investments

(a) Effectively controlled resource company

The company holds 785,400 shares of La Luz Mines Limited (La Luz), being 49.6% of the issued shares of that company, and has an option to purchase an additional 105,710 shares at \$4.05 per share at any time between January and March 31, 1980.

The company's investment is comprised as follows:

Equity in underlying net assets	\$2,588,618
Excess of cost of investment over	
underlying net book values at dates	
of acquisition — attributable	
principally to resource investments	421,922
Loan, including related interest of	
\$12,500	1,672,000
Royalty receivable (see note 9(a) (i))	87,105
	\$4,769,645

The company's share of losses since acquisition is \$666,274. The loss for 1977 includes an adjustment in the estimated cost of completing the restoration of acreage affected by mining operations. Prior to July 1, 1977 estimated reclamation expense was based on a per acre cost as reflected by State of Ohio reclamation bonds. As of July 1, 1977 estimated reclamation expense is based on anticipated actual costs per acre as determined by a mining engineer survey. The change in the reclamation cost estimate resulted in a reduction of approximately \$450,000 in the company's share of the loss of La Luz Mines Limited for 1977.

The loan, made by C.M.L. Inc. to La Luz Ohio, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of La Luz, is secured by a security interest in the assets of La Luz Ohio, Inc. and by a guarantee of La Luz. The security provided is subject to prior security given to those companies in respect of a bank loan of U.S. \$13,000,000 made to an Ohio coal mining joint venture of which La Luz Ohio, Inc. is a 50% participant (see note 9(a) (i)).

(b) Other resource companies, at cost less amounts written off

	1977	1976
Marketable securities (quoted market value \$7,495,000; 1976,	A. 707.070	
\$1,825,000) Securities with no quoted	\$5,727,376	\$2,006,826
market value	38,700	151,200
	\$5,766,076	\$2,158,026

Certain of the securities are lodged with the company's banker as collateral (see note 6).

CAMFLO MINES LIMITED

and its wholly owned subsidiary

4. Deferred Exploration Expenditures

The deferred exploration expenditures relate principally to a uranium prospect in Manitoba and a surface coal deposit in New Brunswick. Recovery of deferred expenditures will depend upon the development of reserves of sufficient economic value enabling profitable operations to be attained.

5. Petroleum and Natural Gas Properties

	1977	1976
Petroleum and natural gas properties, together with exploration and development thereon:		
CanadaU.S.A.	\$3,296,585 1,687,672	\$2,559,447 1,045,680
Production equipment	4,984,257 1,313,791	3,605,127 836,766
Accumulated depletion	6,298,048	4,441,893
and depreciation	480,515 \$5,817,533	233,765 \$4,208,128

6. Bank Loans and Advances

Bank loans and advances consist of the following:

\$3,900,000
829,595
\$4,729,595
2,500,000
\$2,229,595

Certain of the company's investments in other resource companies having a quoted market value of \$4,150,000 at December 31, 1977 are pledged as collateral with the company's Banker. A bank loan of \$2,500,000 is to be secured by certain petroleum and natural gas interests and while definitive arrangements have not been finalized, the company has an understanding with its Banker that no payments will be required on the loan prior to December 31, 1978.

7. Capital Stock

During 1977, stock options previously outstanding were exercised and the company received \$1,044,000 cash on the purchase of 87,000 shares at \$12 per share. On December 1, 1977 additional options were granted, pending regulatory approval, enabling certain employees to purchase 65,000 shares of the company at a price of \$14 per share. The options are to be exercisable as to 21,000 shares in the first year and 22,000 shares in each of the second and third years on a cumulative basis, expiring November 30, 1980.

8. Commitments

(a) Planned resource programmes

At December 31, 1977 the companies were committed to make the following expenditures:

(i) Participation in a joint venture to carry out petroleum exploration in Alberta and British Columbia \$ 400,000

(ii) Exploration advances to be made to the operator of petroleum and natural gas exploration projects in Texas and Montana, U.S.A.

1,540,000

(iii) Current portion of consideration payable on purchase of units in exploration syndicate (see below) ...

125,000

Exploration commitments due on or before December 31, 1978

2,065,000

Balance of consideration payable at December 31, 1977 on purchase of units in a syndicate formed to conduct exploration in Spain, less portion due in 1978 as set out in (iii) above

187,500 \$2,252,500

(b) Standby commitment

In connection with a proposed rights offering to shareholders of Martin-McNeely Mines Limited, the company has undertaken to purchase sufficient shares of that company to guarantee minimum proceeds of \$525,000 under the rights offering. Additionally the company will receive the right to increase its shareholding up to 25% of the outstanding shares of that company.

(c) Lease

The company has a 10 year lease on its head office premises at an annual rental of approximately \$79,000.

(d) Pension Plan

Further to an Actuarial valuation during 1977 of a pension plan in which the company's employees participate with employees of affiliated companies, the company has an unfunded liability of approximately \$102,500 which will be paid and charged to income in 14 equal annual instalments of \$10,928.

9. Contingency Liabilities

- (a) The company has given certain guarantees with respect to coal mining operations in Ohio, U.S.A. conducted by La Luz Ohio, Inc. and another company as joint venturers (see not 3(a)), as follows:
 - (i) guarantee of a bank loan made to the joint venturers, to the extent of U.S. \$7,000,000;
 - (ii) guarantee of reclamation bonds placed by the joint venturers with the State of Ohio aggregating approximately U.S. \$2,200,000.

As consideration for the guarantee, of the bank loan, the company is to receive a royalty of 10 U.S. cents per ton on coal mined for a period of 10 years from January 1, 1977. (see note 3(a)).

(b) A writ was served on the company in 1971 alleging certain wrongful acts and claimed damages of \$1,330,000; however, the plaintiff has not pursued its claim. The company contends that the allegations are unfounded.

10. Anti-Inflation Programme

Dividends the company may pay to its shareholders are limited under federal anti-inflation legislation.

11. Other Statutory Information

Direct remuneration of directors and senior officers (as defined by The Business Corporations Act) amounted to \$361,997 (1976, \$323,600).

TEN-YEAR COMPARATIVE SUMMARIES OF PRODUCTION AND FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

FINANCIAL RESULTS	1977	1976	1975
Gross Value of Bullion Production	\$14,207,549	\$11,005,763	\$13,719,301
Average Gold Price Received (per ounce)	\$ 162.50	\$ 121.67	\$ 155.00
Petroleum and Natural Gas Revenue	\$ 1,789,039	\$ 683,328	\$ 217,032
Operating and Administration Expenses	\$ 7,165,487	\$ 6,358,992	\$ 5,556,750
Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 1,028,483	\$ 821,357	\$ 835,781
Provision for Income Taxes (net)	\$ 2,290,000	\$ 1,456,000	\$ 2,640,000
Net Income	\$ 3,709,992	\$ 2,045,323	\$ 3,759,899
Net Income Per Share	\$ 1.08	\$ 0.60	\$ 1.10
Cash Flow	\$ 5,780,125	\$ 3,639,891	\$ 4,883,035
Cash Flow Per Share	\$ 1.67	\$ 1.06	\$ 1.42
Dividends Paid	\$ 1,373,243	\$ 1,375,643	\$ 1,715,454
Dividends Paid Per Share	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.50
FINANCIAL POSITION (at year end)			
Working Capital	\$ 306,101	\$ 1,419,616	\$ 2,841,844
Fixed Assets (net)	\$ 2,771,842	\$ 2,409,536	\$ 2,810,360
Other Assets and Deferred Expenditures	\$ 8,268,881	\$ 5,998,670	\$ 4,014,184
Total Assets	\$25,723,570	\$16,793,871	\$15,914,479
Long Term Debt	\$ 2,500,000		
Shareholders' Equity	\$16,891,773	\$13,511,024	\$12,802,844
Shares Outstanding	3,526,107	3,439,107	3,432,107
Share Price High/Low	\$15.50/8.75	\$11.75/5.00	\$15.50/7.75
PRODUCTION HIGHLIGHTS			
Tons of Ore Milled	471,798	463,721	456,123
Recovered Grade (oz./ton)	0.185	0.195	0.194
Ounces Gold Recovered	87,433	90,458	88,568
Ore Reserves (at year end) — tons	2,117,650	2,400,550	2,725,450
Average Grade (oz./ton)	0.174	0.177	0.182
Mine Operating Costs — per Ton Milled	\$ 12.51	\$ 11.90	\$ 10.66
— per Ounce Recovered	\$ 67.49	\$ 61.01	\$ 55.00

1974	1973	1972	1971	1070	1000	1000
13,233,960	\$10,548,373			1970	1969	1968
		\$5,982,850	\$3,771,978	\$3,331,112	\$3,729,869	\$3,787,957
162.00	\$ 107.39	\$ 59.77	\$ 41.19	\$ 36.64	\$ 43.32	\$ 41.35
39,325						
4,290,483	\$ 3,160,023	\$2,581,980	\$2,160,125	\$2,244,857	\$2,415,438	\$2,334,801
399,795	\$ 293,685	\$ 509,608	\$ 480,921	\$ 616,011	\$ 525,803	\$ 439,785
2,575,000	\$ 2,025,000	\$ 638,000	\$ 315,000	\$ 64,725	_	_
4,903,009	\$ 4,492,676	\$2,051,377	\$ 800,759	\$ 668,510	\$ 786,516	\$ 933,678
1.43	\$ 1.31	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.27
5,692,183	\$ 5,061,361	\$2,448,985	\$1,587,680	\$1,349,246	\$1,311,531	\$1,373,463
1.66	\$ 1.48	\$ 0.72	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.40
2,398,375	\$ 1,705,554	\$ 682,221	\$ 341,111	\$ 341,111	\$ 341,061	\$ 511,216
0.70	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.15
2,735,915	\$ 4,570,969	\$2,271,503	\$1,203,596	\$ 684,962	(\$ 46,791)	(\$ 509,462)
2,582,116	\$ 1,819,779	\$1,748,274	\$1,860,481	\$2,161,101	\$2,406,686	\$2,211,066
2,226,387	\$ 1,169,727	\$ 540,651	\$ 584,855	\$ 530,539	\$ 785,431	\$1,044,037
2,889,963	\$10,259,688	\$6,712,167	\$4,400,303	\$3,766,657	\$3,919,395	\$4,122,074
0,730,899	\$ 8,187,765	\$5,351,143	\$3,856,987	\$3,522,339	\$3,194,940	\$2,840,841
3,427,107	3,420,107	3,411,107	3,411,107	3,411,107	3,411,107	3,408,107
23.25/9.37	\$14.00/3.90	\$5.45/2.39	\$3.90/2.22	\$3.60/2.05	\$7.75/2.85	\$6.75/3.65
377,521	389,622	380,682	377,774	374,580	386,449	362,734
0.216	0.251	0.263	0.243	0.243	0.223	0.253
81,589	98,228	100,101	91,684	90,913	86,096	91,608
3,008,000	2,631,350	2,247,000	1,946,460	2,174,000	2,109,000	1,715,303
0.190	0.220	0.231	0.245	0.241	0.224	0.249
10.12	\$ 7.55	\$ 6.27	\$ 5.45	\$ 5.71	\$ 5.77	\$ 6.04
46.70	\$ 29.71	\$ 23.84	\$ 22.50	\$ 23.53	\$ 25.88	\$ 23.93

NOTES: During the period from the inception of production up to and including 1971, the company received varying amounts of costs-aid under the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act. Cost-aid for those years was included in calculating the Operating Profit, Cash Flow from Operations and Net Income. The following are the yearly amounts received from 1968 to 1971, respectively \$40,000; \$90,000; \$367,000; and \$71,000.

CAMFLO MINES LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE: SUITE 3001, SOUTH TOWER, P.O. BOX 45 ROYAL BANK PLAZA TORONTO, CANADA M5J 2J1





programme. The 5 wells which have been drilled to-date have all been completed successfully.

In June 1977 the Company, through its wholly-owned U.S. subsidiary, C.M.L. Inc., took a 15% working interest in a \$2.5 million, 18 month, petroleum exploration joint venture in the Rocky Mountain States operated by Orbit Oil & Gas, Inc. It is anticipated that the first exploration well will be drilled before the end of the year.

In the Orbit East Texas exploration programme, the #1 C. E. Turner well is expected to be in production in September, 1977. In addition, the operators are hopeful that a contract will be finalized shortly to market production from the #1 C. H. Mayes sour gas well. This will require construction of a 20 mile pipe line and surface facilities which will take about 6 months to complete.

It is anticipated that a further exploration well will be drilled in East Texas before year-end in addition to a possible development well off-setting the #1 C. H. Mayes

LA LUZ MINES LIMITED

Extremely bad weather, wild-cat strikes, and some customer plant and mine start-up problems resulted in a loss during the last six months for the Ohio coal operations. In the latter part of May conditions improved markedly and in June the combined production from the Crown City and Gilbert mines exceeded 90,000 tons. This production level should be maintained and the operations are now showing much improved performance. Provided there are no serious delays caused by wild-cat strikes now prevalent in the coal industry, the coal operations should produce a profit during the last half of 1977.

THE KASMERE LAKE URANIUM **EXPLORATION PROJECT**

The search for uranium ore along the Wollaston Lake Fold Belt in northwestern Manitoba is being intensified. The entire 600,000 acre area has now been flown at 400 foot intervals with a gamma ray spectrometer and numerous highly radioactive anomalies have been outlined.

A twenty-four man team of geologists, geophysicists and assistants is conducting detailed ground surveys over the anomalies. There is very little outcrop in the area and most of the radioactive anomalies are the result of dense clusters of uraniferous boulders. The location of ore in place will have to be established by drilling. To-date there has not been sufficient drilling completed to outline significant ore zones, however, this phase of the operation is now being expanded with three drills operating on the property.

On behalf of the Board of Directors.

"A. W. STOLLERY" Chairman.

"G. T. SMITH" President.

August 22, 1977.

CAMPLO MINES LIMITED

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION (Unaudited)

For the six months ended June 30, 1977				
	1977	1976		
WORKING CAPITAL DERIVED FROM				
Operations Net Income	\$ 1,521,453	\$ 1,253,846		
Items not involving working capital				
Depreciation and amortization	535,847	432,011		
Deferred income taxes Share of loss of	305,000	130,000		
effectively controlled company	412,137	43,006		
Other	10,000			
	2,784,437	1,858,863		
Long-term debt	1,200,000	_		
Proceeds from issue of capital stock	_	38,500		
Receipts on mortgages receivable from employees .	3,317			
	3,987,754	1,897,363		
WORKING CAPITAL APPLIED TO				
Additions to fixed assets	153,654	109,218		
Petroleum and natural gas properties	755,062	587,474		
Exploration advances	41,358	68,258		
Increase in deferred outside exploration expenditures	159,913	88,799		
Dividends paid	687,821	687,821		
Purchase of shares of other companies	2,269,515	423,242		
Mortgages receivable from employees	_	45,800		
Deferred exploration and development expenditures	61,993			
	4,129,316	2,010,612		
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN WORKING CAPITAL	(141,562)	(113,249)		
WORKING CAPITAL AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	1,419,616	2,841,844		
WORKING CAPITAL AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 1,278,054	\$ 2,728,595		

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CAMFLO MINES

LIMITED



QUARTERLY REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS

For the Six Months ended June 30, 1977

CAMFLO MINES LIMITED

Suite 3001, South Tower Box 45, Royal Bank Plaza Toronto, Ontario M5J 2J1

To the Shareholders:

Enclosed herewith are the unaudited Consolidated Statements of Income and Changes in Financial Position for the 6 months ended June 30, 1977.

Net income was \$1,521,453, equal to 44ϕ per share, and cash flow was \$2,784,437, or 81ϕ per share. Comparative figures for the first half of 1976 were net income of \$1,253,846, equal to 36ϕ per share, and cash flow of \$1,858,863, or 53ϕ per share. These results include the Company's share of losses from La Luz Mines Limited of \$412,137, equivalent to 12ϕ per share, compared with \$43,006 or 1ϕ per share in the first half of 1976.

GOLD

43,337 ounces of gold valued at \$6,600,356 were produced from 234,854 tons of ore compared with 46,230 ounces of gold valued at \$5,914,087 from 228,833 tons of ore in the first half of 1976.

Operations at the gold mine were very satisfactory. An increase in productivity permitted the treatment of 1,303 tons of ore per day, up from 1,257 in the first half of 1976, and resulted in a decrease in operating costs to \$11.77 per ton from \$12.10. The cost per ounce increased to \$63.78 from \$59.85 as the average grade of ore treated was 0.185 ounces of gold per ton compared with 0.202 in the first half of 1976.

During the second quarter the average grade of ore treated was only 0.160 ounces of gold per ton. This low grade cycle has ended and in July the grade averaged 0.191. The 84,000 ounce production target for 1977 should be easily attained.

Exploration of fault zones on the 2,550 and 2,700 foot levels continues to outline small ore lenses.

PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS

Revenue from natural gas production, mainly from the Company's interest in the Killam and Holden areas of Alberta, increased to \$733,672 from \$203,947 in the same period last year.

Shareholders will recall that the Company acquired a 25% equity interest in Signalta Resources Limited early in 1976. To-date Signalta has participated in drilling 40 wells in Alberta and British Columbia of which 22 have been cased as potential producers.

In April 1977 the Company took a 20% working interest in an \$8 million, 2 year oil and gas exploration joint venture in Alberta and British Columbia operated by Signalta which, itself, has a 20% working interest in the

CAMFLO MINES LIMITED

and its wholly owned subsidiary

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (Unaudited)

For the six months ended June 30, 1977

	First Quarter 1977	Second Quarter 1977	Six Months June 30 1977	Six Months June 30 1976
Tons of Ore Milled	116,315	118,539	234,854	228,833
Bullion recovery (ounces)	24,340	18,997	43,337	46,230
Gross Value of Production	\$3,626,499	\$2,973,857	\$6,600,356	\$5,914,087
Petroleum and natural gas production	368,519	365,153	733,672	203,947
	3,995,018	3,339,010	7,334,028	6,118,034
Operating and administrative expenses other than items set out below	1,534,327	1,739,361	3,273,688	3,081,753
Quebec mining tax	150,000	150,000	300,000	400,000
Outside exploration expenditures	18,041	2,474	20,515	15,454
	1,702,368	1,891,835	3,594,203	3,497,207
	2,292,650	1,447,175	3,739,825	2,620,827
Depreciation	159,051	159,309	318,360	315,011
Amortization of preproduction expenditures	5,000	5,000	10,000	9,000
Amortization of deferred exploration and development expenditures	37,154	36,926	74,080	65,000
Depreciation and depletion of petroleum and natural gas properties	71,415	61,992	133,407	43,000
	272,620	263,227	535,847	432,011
	2,020,030	1,183,948	3,203,978	2,188,816
Share of income (loss) of effectively controlled company	(160,207)	(251,930)	(412,137)	(43,006)
Interest and other investment income (expense)	(36,993)	(13,395)	(50,388)	38,036
Income before income taxes	1,822,830	918,623	2,741,453	2,183,846
Income taxes				
Current	600,000	315,000	915,000	800,000
Deferred	200,000	105,000	305,000	130,000
Net income for the period	\$1,022,830	\$ 498,623	\$1,521,453	\$1,253,846
Net income per share	30¢	14¢	44¢	36¢
Cash flow per share	48¢	33¢	81¢	53¢